1 International Mail Services

110 General Information

111 **Scope**

This manual sets forth the conditions and procedures for the preparation and treatment of mail sent from the United States to other countries and the treatment of mail received from other countries. Its counterpart in the domestic mail service is the *Mailing Standards of the United States Postal Service*, Domestic Mail Manual (DMM[®]). Cross-references to the DMM are provided wherever domestic conditions and procedures apply to the preparation or treatment of international mail.

112 Mailer Responsibility

Regardless of any statement contained in this manual or the statements of any employee of the United States Postal Service[®], the burden rests with the mailer to ensure that he or she has complied with the prescribed laws and regulations governing domestic and international mail, both those of the United States and those of the destination country. Full responsibility rests with the mailer to comply with all postal and nonpostal laws and regulations regarding the mailing of dangerous goods. Anyone who mails, or causes to be mailed, nonmailable or improperly packaged dangerous goods can be subject to legal penalties, including but not limited to those specified in Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C.).

113 Individual Country Listings

Individual Country Listings (ICLs) provide information about conditions of mailing, postage prices, and extra services for each country. ICLs are arranged alphabetically. Most subtitles are followed by a chapter citation in parentheses.

114 Availability

Customers may access this manual online at <u>http://pe.usps.gov</u>. A printed copy may be purchased from: US GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE PO BOX 979050 ST LOUIS, MO 63197-9000

115 Official Correspondence

115.1 Communicating With Headquarters

115.11 Operations

Questions regarding the proper classification, postal prices and fees, preparation requirements, claims and inquiries, extra services, mailability, or any other classification aspect of international mail should be directed to local Postal Service officials. Regulatory matters relating to international mail should be directed to the Pricing and Classification Service Center (PCSC) at the following address:

MANAGER PRICING AND CLASSIFICATION SERVICE CENTER US POSTAL SERVICE 90 CHURCH ST STE 3100 NEW YORK NY 10007-2951

115.12 Policy and Representation

Correspondence concerning the following should be addressed to: DIRECTOR INTERNATIONAL POSTAL AFFAIRS US POSTAL SERVICE 1735 N LYNN ST STE 6043 ARLINGTON VA 22209-6111

- a. Policy matters relating to international mail and international postal affairs.
- b. Negotiation and interpretation of postal agreements.
- c. Communications of a nonroutine nature from foreign postal officials.
- d. Postal Service representation at international postal meetings.
- e. Postal Service representation at meetings with other federal departments and agencies relating to international postal affairs.
- f. Visits by foreign postal officials.

115.13 Transportation and Distribution

Correspondence concerning the transportation of international civil and military mail, including the following, should be addressed to: MANAGER INTERNATIONAL NETWORK OPERATIONS US POSTAL SERVICE 475 L'ENFANT PLZ SW RM 6801 WASHINGTON DC 20260-6801

- a. Containerization and plant loads.
- b. Conveyance rates.
- c. Designation of U.S. exchange offices.
- d. Documentation.
- e. Internal air conveyance, terminal, and transit charges.
- f. Mode of transport.
- g. Related forms and reports.
- h. Routing.
- i. Schedules and performance of U.S. and foreign flag carriers.
- j. Distribution procedures and schemes.

115.14 Investigations

Correspondence relating to investigation of losses, depredations (robberies or missing contents), and security of international mail should be addressed to:

CHIEF POSTAL INSPECTOR INSPECTION SERVICE US POSTAL SERVICE 475 L'ENFANT PLZ SW WASHINGTON DC 20260-2100

115.15 International Money Orders

Correspondence relating to international money orders, including operational procedures, accounting, cashing, and issuing, should be addressed to: INTERNATIONAL MONEY ORDER SECTION

ACCOUNTING SERVICE CENTER US POSTAL SERVICE PO BOX 14964 ST LOUIS MO 63182-9421

115.2 Correspondence With Foreign Postal Authorities

115.21 Correspondence Permitted

Correspondence is permitted between foreign postal authorities and Postal Service inspectors-in-charge and the postmasters acting under the instructions for processing inquiries described in <u>920</u>. U.S. exchange offices may correspond with their foreign counterparts only through bulletins of verification and exchanges of documentation.

115.22 Correspondence Not Permitted

In all other cases, postmasters, area offices, and other field units of the Postal Service must *not* correspond directly with postal officials in other countries, but must refer inquiries from those officials to Headquarters for attention. (See <u>115.1</u> for referral points for particular subjects.)

115.3 Correspondence With Foreign Individuals

115.31 Correspondence Permitted

Postmasters, area offices, and other field units of the Postal Service may reply directly to inquiries and engage in other necessary correspondence with individuals and firms in other countries.

115.32 Customer's Address

A customer's address may not be given out without the customer's consent.

120 Preparation for Mailing

121 Packaging – Sender's Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the sender to prepare items and to address them clearly and correctly. In preparing items for mailing, the sender must (1) use strong envelopes or durable packaging material to prevent deterioration or degradation, and (2) consider the nature of the articles being mailed and the distance they must travel to reach the addressee. (See DMM 601 for detailed instructions.)

122 Addressing

122.1 Destination Address

- a. At least the entire right half of the address side of the envelope, package, or card should be reserved for the destination address, postage, labels, and postal notations.
- b. Addresses must appear in ink or be typewritten. Pencil is unacceptable.
- c. The name and address of addressee must appear legibly with roman letters and arabic numbers, all placed lengthwise on one side of the item. For parcels, addresses should also appear on a separate slip enclosed in the parcel.
- d. Addresses in Russian, Greek, Arabic, Hebrew, Cyrillic, Japanese, or Chinese characters must bear an interline translation in English of the names of the post office and country of destination. If the English translation is not known, the foreign language words must appear in roman characters (print or script). See <u>292.41</u> and <u>293.41</u> for an *optional* addressing procedure that applies only to direct country sacks of International Priority Airmail (IPA) or International Surface Air Lift (ISAL) mail, respectively.
- e. Mail may *not* be addressed to a person in one country "in care of" a person in another country.
- f. The name of the sender and/or addressee may *not* be in initials except where they are an adopted trade name.
- g. Mail may not be addressed to Boxholder or Householder.
- h. The following exceptional form of address, in French or a language known in the country of destination, may appear on printed matter: the addressee's name or *Occupant*.

Example: Mr. Thomas Clark or Occupant

- i. The house number and street address or box number must appear when mail is addressed to towns or cities.
- j. The address of items sent to General Delivery must indicate the name of the addressee and the country of destination. The use of initials, figures, simple given names, or fictitious names is not permitted on articles addressed for general delivery.

k. All lines of the delivery address *should* appear in all capital letters. The city destination *must* appear in capital letters together with the correct post code number or delivery zone number, if any. The last line of the address must show only the country name, written in full (no abbreviations) and in capital letters. If possible, the address should have no more than five lines. For example:

MR THOMAS CLARK 117 RUSSELL DRIVE LONDON WIP 6HQ GREAT BRITAIN MS C P APPLE APARTADO 3068 46807 PUERTO VALLARTA JALISCO MEXICO

Exception: To Canada, there must be two spaces between the province abbreviation and the postal code, as shown below between "ON" and "KIA 0B1":

MS HELEN SAUNDERS 1010 CLEAR STREET OTTAWA ON K1A 0B1 CANADA

122.2 Return Address

122.21 General

Due to heightened security, many foreign postal administrations require complete sender and addressee information in roman letters and Arabic numerals on postal items. All outbound international mail should bear a complete return address of the sender. Only one return address may be used, and it must be located so that it does not affect either the clarity of the address of destination or the application of service labels and notations (postmarks, etc.).

122.22 Required Use of Return Address

In the case of bulk mailings, all mailpieces *must* bear a U.S.-origin return address visible on the outside of the mailpiece. For the purpose of this section, a "bulk mailing" is any IPA or ISAL mailing, or any other mailing paid with an advance deposit account and presented to the U.S. Postal Service for acceptance.

122.23 Return Address Elements and Placement

For U.S.-origin mailpieces, minimum elements must include a complete street number and name (or Post Office box number), city name, state name (or authorized two-letter state abbreviation), and the correct 5-digit ZIP Code or ZIP+4 code. The return address should appear in the upper left corner of the address side of the envelope, card, flat, or package. It is also recommended that U.S.-origin mailpieces include "United States" on the last line of the return address.

Unregistered items bearing a return address in another country are accepted only at the sender's risk. Items authorized to bear a return address in another country must include the proper return address elements (including the country name) to ensure the proper return of the mailpiece. The return address should appear in the upper left corner of the address side of the envelope, card, flat, or package.

123 Customs Forms and Online Shipping Labels

123.1 General

Only two customs declaration forms are used, as required under <u>123.6</u>, for international mail: PS Form 2976, *Customs Declaration CN 22 – Sender's Declaration*, and PS Form 2976-A, *Customs Declaration and Dispatch Note – CP 72.* PS Form 2976-E, *Customs Declaration Envelope – CP 91*, is used as a carriage document for PS Form 2976-A.

Note: The current edition of PS Form 2976 is December 2009; the current edition of PS Form 2976-A is May 2009; the current edition of PS Form 2976-E is September 2006. Except as provided in <u>123.3</u> and <u>123.5</u>, mailers must present at the time of mailing a fully completed sender's declaration (the Post OfficeTM copy of PS Form 2976 or 2976-A), which specifies both the sender's name and address and the addressee's name and address.

123.2 Availability

Customs declaration forms are available without charge at Post Office facilities. Upon request, mailers may receive a reasonable supply for mail preparation. Customers may also order supplies of the customs forms from The Postal Store at <u>http://shop.usps.com</u>; search on the words "customs forms." Customs declaration forms are also available through an online customs form application at <u>usps.com/webtools</u>.

123.3 Privately Printed Forms

If authorized, mailers may privately print PS Forms 2976 and 2976-A. Privately printed forms must be identical in size, design, and color to the Postal Service[™] forms, and each form must contain a unique Code U 128 barcode symbology that can be read by Postal Service equipment. Mailers may obtain form specifications from the following address:

BARCODE CERTIFICATION NATIONAL CUSTOMER SUPPORT CENTER UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE 6060 PRIMACY PKWY STE 201 MEMPHIS TN 38188-0001

Mailers can also obtain form specifications by calling the NCSC at 800-238-3150 — select option 5 for barcode certification — or online at <u>http://ribbs.usps.gov</u>; click on "Site Index" and then on "International Customs Forms."

Upon receipt of the request, the NCSC will send mailers an application and specifications for preparing PS Forms 2976 and/or 2976-A. The application clearly explains the process necessary for authorization. When authorized by the NCSC, a mailer may omit printing the Post Office copy of PS Forms 2976 and/or 2976-A by submitting an authorized manifest of the items. The manifest must be typewritten, legibly handwritten, or computer-generated, and it must contain the following information:

- a. The sender's name and address (appearing once on the manifest).
- b. The edition date of the privately printed form (appearing once on the manifest).

- c. The same certification statement that is printed on the Postal Service PS Form 2976 or 2976-A, and the mailer's signature and date (appearing once on the manifest).
- d. For each item, the foreign recipient's name and delivery address.
- e. For each item, the corresponding human-readable characters that match the barcode printed on the form.

123.4 Nonpostal Forms

123.41 Nonpostal Export Regulations

Certain items must bear one or more of the forms required by the nonpostal export regulations described in chapter 5.

123.42 Commercial Invoices

A commercial invoice is a bill for goods from the seller to the buyer. A commercial invoice must be completed where required and must contain the following basic information:

- a. Seller's complete contact information.
- b. Receiver's complete contact information.
- c. Consignee's complete contact information (if it is different from the buyer's).
- d. Country of origin.
- e. Destination country.
- f. Reason for export.
- g. Total commercial value of the item(s) shipped.
- h. Sales and payment terms (if any).
- i. Currency of sale.
- j. Full quantities and description of the merchandise.
- k. A statement certifying that the invoice is correct.

123.5 Place of Mailing

Mailpieces bearing customs declarations have specific deposit requirements based on mail category, shape, and weight. Refer to the specific IMM part below for determination:

- a. Global Express Guaranteed mailpieces see 215.
- b. Express Mail International mailpieces see <u>225</u>.
- c. Priority Mail International mailpieces see <u>235</u>.
- d. First-Class Mail International mailpieces see 245.

123.6 Required Usage

123.61 Conditions

The following conditions apply to customs forms for international mail items:

a. Except as provided in <u>123.62</u>, mailers must use PS Form 2976 or PS Form 2976-A as described in <u>Exhibit 123.61</u>.

- b. The surface area of the address side of the item to be mailed must be large enough to contain completely the applicable customs form, postage, and any applicable markings, endorsements, and extra service labels.
- c. Regardless of any listing in <u>Exhibit 123.61</u>, items containing articles that require an export license (see <u>532</u>) must always bear PS Form 2976-A.

Exhibit 123.61	
Customs Declaration Form Usage by Mail Category	

Type of Item	Declared Value, Weight, or Physical Characteristic	Required PS Form	Comment				
Global Express Guaranteed	Global Express Guaranteed Items						
All items.	All values	6182	PS Form 6182, <i>Commercial Invoice</i> , is required for certain commodities and destinations. For determination, see Publication 141, <i>Global Express</i> <i>Guaranteed Service Guide</i> .				
Express Mail International Items							
All items.	All values	2976 or 2976-A	Required customs forms and endorsements vary by country and are specified in the Individual Country Listings.				
Priority Mail International I	tems Except Flat Rate En	velopes and Smal					
All Priority Mail International items except Flat Rate Envelopes and Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes.	All values	2976-A	Except for Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes and Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes, all items mailed in USPS- produced Priority Mail International packaging or any other container bearing a Priority Mail sticker or marked with the words "Priority Mail" are considered to be within the scope of this requirement.				
Priority Mail International F	lat Rate Envelopes (Maxi	mum weight limit	: 4 pounds)				
All Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes containing only documents except for the known mailer exemption described in the entry below.	Under 16 ounces, no more than 3/4 inch thick, and uniformly thick 16 ounces or more, more than 3/4 inch thick, or not uniformly thick	None* 2976	See <u>123.63</u> for additional information concerning "documents."				
All Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes	No more than 3/4 inch thick and uniformly thick	None*	See <u>123.63</u> for additional information concerning "documents."				
containing only documents that are entered by a known mailer as defined in 123.62.	More than 3/4 inch thick or not uniformly thick	2976					
All Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes	\$400 or less	2976	Merchandise is permitted unless prohibited by the destination country.				
containing potentially dutiable contents, regardless of weight.	Over \$400	Prohibited	Items over \$400 must be mailed using Global Express Guaranteed service, Express Mail International service, or Priority Mail International service (other than Flat Rate Envelopes or Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes).				

Exhibit 123.61 Customs Declaration Form Usage by Mail Category

	Declared Value, Weight,		
	or Physical	Required	
Type of Item	Characteristic	PS Form	Comment
Priority Mail International S	mall Flat Rate Priced Box		
All Priority Mail International	\$400 or less	2976	Merchandise is permitted unless
Small Flat Rate Priced			prohibited by the destination country.
Boxes, regardless of contents.	Over \$400	Prohibited	Items over \$400 must be mailed using Global Express Guaranteed service,
contonto.			Express Mail International service, or
			Priority Mail International service (other
			than Flat Rate Envelopes or Small Flat
			Rate Priced Boxes.
			uding International Priority Airmail (IPA)
Items and International Sur			-
All letter-size and flat-size items, as defined in 243,	Under 16 ounces	None* 2976	See <u>123.63</u> for additional information concerning "documents."
containing only documents	16 ounces or more	2976	concerning documents.
except for the known mailer			
exemption described in the			
entry below.			
All letter-size and flat-size		None*	See <u>123.63</u> for additional information
items, as defined in 243,			concerning "documents."
containing only documents that are entered by a known			
mailer as defined in 123.62.			
All items containing	\$400 or less	2976	Merchandise is permitted unless
potentially dutiable	• • • • • • • •		prohibited by the destination country.
contents, regardless of	Over \$400	Prohibited	Items over \$400 must be mailed using
weight.			Global Express Guaranteed service,
			Express Mail International service, or
			Priority Mail International service (other
			than Flat Rate Envelopes or Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes).
First-Class Mail Internation	 al Packages (Small Pack	ets) Including IP/	,
(Maximum weight limit: 4 p		ets), metuding in /	
All First-Class Mail	\$400 or less	2976	Merchandise is permitted unless
International packages			prohibited by the destination country.
(small packets), as defined	Over \$400	Prohibited	Items over \$400 must be mailed using
in 243.4, regardless of			Global Express Guaranteed service,
contents.			Express Mail International service, or
			Priority Mail International service (other than Flat Rate Envelopes or Small Flat
			Rate Priced Boxes).
			Hato Filood Boxooj.

Exhibit 123.61	
Customs Declaration Form Usage by Mail Category	

Type of Item	Declared Value, Weight, or Physical Characteristic	Required PS Form	Comment				
Free Matter for the Blind or Other Physically Handicapped Persons							
All items.	Follow above requirements for relevant mail category, as appropriate.	Follow above requirements for relevant mail category, as appropriate.	Free matter for the blind or other physically handicapped persons requires a customs form for all articles				
M-bags (Airmail, IPA Se	ervice, and ISAL Service)						
All M-bags.	\$400 or less	2976	A fully completed PS Form 2976 must be affixed to PS Tag 158, M-bag Addressee Tag.				
	Over \$400	Prohibited	-				

Qualifying items must meet the physical characteristics in <u>241.235</u>. For example, the following items do not meet this requirement and must bear a PS Form 2976: 1) Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes that are not uniformly thick;
2) First-Class Mail International items claimed at the package price; and 3) IPA and ISAL packages (small packets) containing only documents.

123.62 Known Mailers

123.621 **Overview**

A "known mailer" may be exempt from the customs form requirement that would otherwise apply to letter-size mailpieces (weighing up to 3.5 ounces) and flat-size mailpieces (weighing 16 ounces or more) as defined in 241.2. A "known mailer" must meet one of the definitions in 123.622 and must meet the conditions in 123.623.

123.622 Definition

A "known mailer" must meet one of the following definitions:

- a. A federal, state, or local government agency whose mail is regarded as Official Mail.
- b. A contractor who sends out prepaid mail on behalf of a military service, provided the mail is endorsed "Contents for Official Use — Exempt from Customs Requirements."
- c. A business mailer who enters volume mailings through a business mail entry unit (BMEU) or other bulk mail acceptance location, completes a postage statement at the time of entry, pays postage through an advance deposit account, and uses a permit imprint for postage payment. For this purpose, the categories of mail that qualify are as follows:
 - (1) Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes.
 - (2) First-Class Mail International service.
 - (3) International Priority Airmail (IPA) service.
 - (4) International Surface Air Lift (ISAL) service.

123.623 Conditions

The following conditions apply to "known mailers":

- a. The mailpieces must contain no merchandise items or other contents that are potentially dutiable.
- b. The mailpieces must be letter-size or flat-size as defined in <u>241.2</u>.

- c. If the mailpieces are mailed with a postage statement, the mailer must certify on the postage statement that the mailpieces contain no dangerous materials that are prohibited by postal regulations.
- d. The import regulations of the destination country must allow individual mailpieces without a customs form affixed.
- e. For IPA and ISAL mailings, the mailer must pay with a permit imprint or with a combination postage method (meter postage affixed to the piece and additional postage by permit imprint). IPA and ISAL mailpieces that are paid for by postage solely with a meter do not qualify for the "known mailer" exemption.

123.63 Documents and Merchandise

In Exhibit 123.61, the "Type of Item" column has several references to "documents." For this purpose, "documents" refers only to printed documents, not to electronic storage media or devices such as CDs, DVDs, or flash drives. Examples of documents include the following:

- a. Audit and business records.
- b. Personal correspondence.
- c. Circulars.
- d. Pamphlets.
- e. Advertisements.
- f. Written instruments not intended to be resold.
- g. Money orders, checks, and similar items that cannot be negotiated or converted into cash without forgery.

Examples of items that do not qualify as documents — rather, they are considered merchandise, so the sender is required to apply a customs declaration form and declare a value — include the following:

- CDs, DVDs, flash drives, video and cassette tapes, and other electronic storage media — regardless if they are blank or if they contain electronic documents or other prerecorded media.
- b. Artwork.
- c. Collector or antique document items.
- d. Books.
- e. Periodicals.
- f. Printed music.
- g. Printed educational or test material.
- h. Player piano rolls.
- i. Engineering drawings.
- j. Blueprints.
- k. Film.
- I. Negatives.
- m. X-rays.
- n. Separation negatives.
- o. Photographs.

123.64 Additional Security Controls

When the chief postal inspector determines that a unique, credible threat exists, the Postal Service may require a mailer to provide photo identification at the time of mailing. The signature on the identification must match the signature on the customs declaration form.

123.7 Completing Customs Forms

123.71 **PS Form 2976, Customs Declaration CN 22 – Sender's** Declaration

123.711 Sender's Preparation of PS Form 2976

A sender must complete PS Form 2976, *Customs Declaration CN 22* – *Sender's Declaration*. See Exhibit 123.711 for a copy of PS Form 2976.

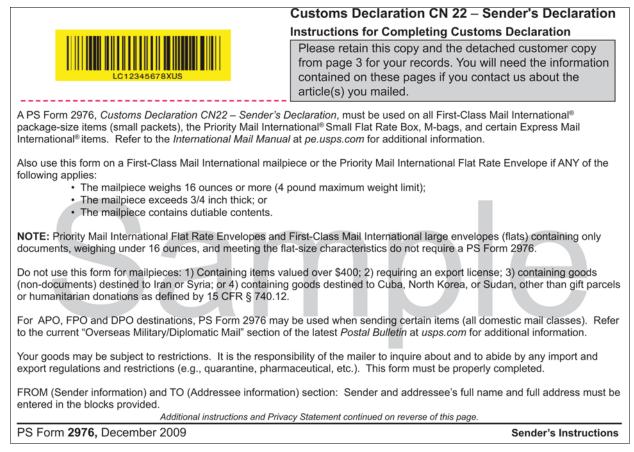
- a. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether the package contains a gift, documents, commercial samples, or other items.
- b. In block (1), provide a detailed description, in English, of each article and the quantity for each article. General descriptions such as "food," "medicine," "gifts," or "clothing" are not acceptable. In addition to the English text, a translation in another language is permitted.
- c. In block (2), enter the quantity of each article.
- d. In block (3), enter the weight of each article in pounds and ounces.
- e. In block (4), declare the value of each article in U.S. dollars.

Note: The sender may declare that the contents have no value. However, declaring that the contents have no value does not exempt an item from customs examination or charges in the destination country.

- f. The sender must enter the actual value of an item for registered items in a consistent manner on PS Forms 3806 and 2976 — i.e., the value entered must be identical. Items on which identical values are not declared will be refused. (See 334.12.)
- g. In block (5) which is only for commercial items (i.e., any goods exported/imported in the course of a business transaction whether or not they are sold for money or exchanged) — enter, if known, the HS tariff number (6 digits), which must be based on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System developed by the World Customs organization, and the country of origin, which is the country where the goods originated (i.e., where they were produced, manufactured, or assembled).
- h. In block (6), enter the total weight and the total value of the items.
- i. In block (7), check "NOEEI § 30.37(a)" or "NOEEI § 30.37(h)," depending on the applicable Exemption and Exclusion Legend.
- j. In block (8), sign and date in the blocks indicated on the left side and the right side of the form. The sender's signature certifies that all entries are correct and that the item contains no dangerous article prohibited by postal or customs regulations.

- k. Enter the sender's full name and address and the addressee's full name and address in the blocks indicated.
- I. Affix the form to the address side of the item and present the item for mailing.

Exhibit 123.711 PS Form 2976, Customs Declaration CN 22 — Sender's Declaration (Sender's Instructions and Copy 3)



(1) Enter a detailed description of each article - e.g., "men's cotton shirts." General descriptions - e.g., "samples", "food products" or "toiletries" - are not permitted. (2), (3) and (4) Enter the quantity, net weight (pounds and ounces) and value of each article. (5) For commercial items only. If known, the 6-digit Harmonized System (HS) number must be based on the Harmonized Commodity Description Coding System developed by the World Customs Organization. (6) Enter the total quantity, weight and value of all articles. (7) Exemption and Exclusion Legend. In order to comply with U.S. Census Bureau Foreign Trade Regulations, check the box "NOEEI § 30.37(a)" or "NOEEI § 30.37(h)." Use the following explanations to help determine your choice: • NOEEI 30.37(a) may be used when the value of each class of goods is \$2,500 or less, when an export license is not required. This Exemption and Exclusion Legend may never be used for items sent to Cuba, North Korea, or Sudan. NOEEI 30.37(h) may be used for gift parcels or humanitarian donations destined to certain sanctioned countries (as of 12/2009, this includes Cuba, North Korea, and Sudan), if the package complies with the conditions set forth in 15 CFR § 740.12. (8) Sign and date the form. Your signature certifies that all entries are correct and the item(s) being mailed contain no dangerous, prohibited, or restricted contents per postal, customs, or destination country regulations. Your signature also certifies compliance with Foreign Trade Regulations and confirms your liability for the item(s) being mailed. Privacy Act Statement: Your information will be used to satisfy reporting requirements for customs purposes. Collection is authorized by 39 U.S.C. 401, 403, 404, and 407; 13 U.S.C. 301 - 307; and 50 U.S.C. 1702. Providing this information is voluntary, but if not provided, we may not process your transaction. We do not disclose your information to third parties without your consent, except to facilitate the transaction, to act on your behalf or request, or as legally required. In addition to disclosures permitted by statute, this includes the following limited circumstances: to a congressional office on your behalf; to financial entities regarding financial transaction issues; to a USPS® auditor; to entities, including law enforcement, as required by law or in legal proceedings; to contractors and other entities aiding us to fulfill the service (service providers); and to domestic and international customs pursuant to federal law and agreements, the U.S. Census Bureau, and other governmental entities with authority over exportation. PS Form 2976, December 2009 Reverse - Sender's Instructions USPS[®] Customs Declaration – CN 22 IMPORTANT: The item/parcel may be opened officially. See Detach Privacy Notice on reverse of Sender's Instructions page. Please print in English and press firmly; you are making multiple copies From: Documents Commercial sample Other ☐ Merchandise ☐ Gift Country of Origin of Goods_ Weight (3) Value (4) Qty Detailed description of contents (1) HS Tariff # (5) lb. oz. (US \$) ğ Totals (6) Exemption/Exclusion Legend (7) Mailing Office Date Stamp □ NOEEI § 30.37(a) □ NOEEI § 30.37(h) (Check one of the following) I certify the particulars given in this customs declaration are correct. This item does not contain any dangerous article, or articles prohibited by legislation or by postal or customs regulations. I have met all applicable export filing requirements under the Foreign Trade Regulations. Sender's Signature and Date (8) Detach PS Form 2976, December 2009 PSN 7530-01-000-9833 3 - Shipping Label (left) and Customer Copy (right)

123.712 Postal Service Employee's Acceptance of PS Form 2976

The Postal Service acceptance employee must do the following when accepting PS Form 2976 from the sender:

- a. Instruct the sender how to complete, legibly and accurately, PS Form 2976, as required. The sender's failure to complete the form properly can delay delivery of the item or inconvenience the sender and addressee. Moreover, a false, misleading, or incomplete declaration can result in the seizure or return of the item and/or in criminal or civil penalties. The Postal Service assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of information that the sender enters on PS Form 2976.
- b. Verify that the sender has entered the information on the form, and has signed and dated the form in the spaces provided on the left side and the right side of the form. The sender's address on the mailpiece must match the sender's address on PS Form 2976.
- c. Enter the total weight of the package on the form, if the sender has not already done so.
- d. Round stamp the right side of the form (the Post Office copy) and tell the sender that the Postal Service will retain this document for 30 days as a record of mailing.
- e. To comply with U.S. Census Bureau requirements, it is the customer's responsibility to ensure an appropriate Exemption and Exclusion Legend is selected or displayed on PS Form 2976. In addition, items sent to Cuba may require a Proof of Filing Citation or AES Downtime Citation.

123.72 PS Form 2976-A, Customs Declaration and Dispatch Note – CP 72

123.721 Sender's Preparation of PS Form 2976-A

- a. Enter the sender's full name and address and the addressee's full name and address in the blocks indicated.
- b. Enter information for customs reference, importer's reference, and telephone/fax/e-mail, if known.
- c. In block (1), provide a detailed description, in English, of each article. General descriptions such as "food," "medicine," "gifts," or "clothing" are not acceptable. In addition to the English text, a translation in another language is permitted. If there is insufficient space on the form to list all contents, use a second form (and subsequent forms, if necessary) to continue listing the contents and indicate on the first form that the contents are continued on a subsequent form(s). When using this option, customers must ensure that the barcodes on the subsequent forms are *totally obliterated* to avoid multiple barcodes being assigned to the package. Place the form(s) into PS Form 2976-E (plastic envelope).
- d. In block (2), enter the quantity of each article.
- e. In block (3), enter the net weight of each article in pounds and ounces, if known.

- f. In block (4), enter the value for each article in U.S. dollars.
- g. In block (5), check the appropriate box to indicate whether the package contains a gift, documents, commercial samples, or other items.
- h. In block (6), check the appropriate box for the applicable type of service.
- i. In block (7), note any restrictions that pertain to block 12.
- j. In block (8), enter the total gross weight in pounds and ounces.
- k. In block (9), enter the total value of all items in U.S. dollars.
- I. In block (10), provide disposal instructions in the event that the package cannot be delivered. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether the package is to be returned, treated as abandoned, or forwarded to an alternate address. Undeliverable packages returned to the sender are, upon delivery, subject to collection of return postage and any other charges assessed by the foreign postal authorities. If you are unwilling to pay return postage, check the box "Treat as Abandoned."
- m. In block (11), enter the applicable Exemption or Exclusion Legend, Proof of Filing Citation, or AES Downtime Citation.
- n. In block (12), provide details if the contents are subject to quarantine (plant, food products, etc.).
- o. In block (13), sign and date the form. The sender's signature certifies that all entries are correct and that the item contains no dangerous article prohibited by postal or other regulations.
- p. In blocks (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), and (19), enter the applicable number if the item requires a sender's customs reference or importer's reference, or if the item is accompanied by a license, certificate, or invoice.
- q. In blocks (20) and (21) which are for commercial items only (i.e., goods exported/imported in the course of a business transaction whether or not they are sold for money or exchanged) enter, if known, the HS tariff number (which is the six-digit number based on the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System developed by the World Customs Organization) and the country of origin (which is the country where the goods originated i.e., where the goods were produced, manufactured, or assembled).
- r. Place the form set inside PS Form 2976-E (plastic envelope) and affix it to the address side of the package. Allow the Postal Service employee to complete PS Form 2976-A as described in <u>123.722</u>.
- s. Present the item for mailing.

Exhibit 123.721 PS Form 2976-A, Customs Declaration and Dispatch Note — CP 72 (Instructions, Copies 1 and 4, and Indemnity Statement)

Note: To see the complete PS Form 2976-A, click the link below:

http://www.usps.com/forms/_pdf/ps2976a.pdf

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM (Remove this page prior to completing form.)

Please print this form in English using blue or black ink, pressing firmly so all information transfers to all copies. Complete the declaration fully and legibly; otherwise, delay and inconvenience may result for the addressee. A false or misleading declaration may lead to a fine or seizure of the item and additional penalties. You may add a translation of the contents in a language accepted in the destination country.

Your goods may be subject to restrictions. It is your responsibility to comply with import and export regulations and restrictions (e.g., quarantine, pharmaceutical, etc.), and to determine what documents (e.g., commercial invoice, certificate of origin, health certificate, license, authorization for goods subject to quarantine such as plant, animal, or food products, etc.), if any are required in the destination country. Check the country listings at http://www.upu.int/customs/en/country_list_en.pdf.

FROM (Sender information) and TO (Addressee information) sections: The sender's and addressee's full name and full address must be entered in the blocks provided on the 2976-A. Incomplete names (e.g., initials) or incomplete address entries on the 2976-A may result in delayed handling by Customs and/or the delivery office.

Block 1: Enter a detailed description of each article - e.g., "men's cotton shirts." General descriptions - e.g., "samples", "food products" or "toiletries" - are not permitted. If there is insufficient space on the form to list all articles, use additional form(s) as needed. Indicate on the first form (to the right of the barcode) the following: "Additional forms enclosed". Important: Obliterate the tracking number and barcode on subsequent form(s) and place all the form(s) into PS Form 2976-E (plastic envelope).

Block 2 - Block 4: Enter the quantity, net weight (in pounds and ounces) and value (in U.S. dollars) of each article.

Block 5: Check the box specifying the category of the item.

Block 6: Select mail handling method.

Block 7: Identify if special conditions or restrictions apply to items being mailed, if applicable.

Block 8: Enter the total weight of the package in pounds and ounces, including packaging, which corresponds to the weight used to calculate the postage.

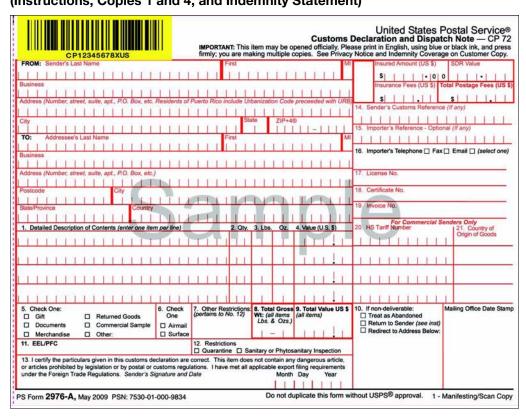
Block 9: Enter the total value in U.S. dollars.

Block 10: Check the box specifying instructions in case of nondelivery. Items returned to sender are subject to return charges at the sender's expense.

PS Form 2976-A, May 2009 PSN: 7530-01-000-9834

See reverse of this page for additional instructions on how to complete this form

Exhibit 123.721 PS Form 2976-A, Customs Declaration and Dispatch Note — CP 72 (Instructions, Copies 1 and 4, and Indemnity Statement)



FROM: Sender's Last Name		First		copies. See Priva	AI	Insured Amount (US \$)	SDR Value
						s . o	
Business					1		Total Postage Fees (US \$
Address (Number, street, suite, apt., P.O. Box, etc.	Residents of Puerto	o Rico include Url	banization Code	preceeded with UR		S . Sender's Customs Reference	\$.
City		Sta	ate ZIP+4®		-		
TO: Addressee's Last Name		First		- P	15. 1	mporter's Reference - Optic	onal (If any)
Business					16. li	mporter's Telephone 🗌 Fax	x 🗌 Email 🔲 (select one)
Address (Number, street, suite, apt., P.O. Box, etc.))					aration by ADDRESSEE: described on this note. A	
Postcode City					and L		Month Day Year
State/Province Country					10.1	nvoice No.	
					19.1	ivoice ivo.	
Office of Exchange				Customs Stamp		se affix labels here when re	equired
Office of Exchange	26	1	H	Customs Stamp			equired
Office of Exchange	26	1	H	Customs Stamp			squired
Office of Exchange	26	11		Customs Stamp			equired
Office of Exchange	26	1	•	Υ			equired
5. Check One:	6. Check 7. 0 One (pert	ther Restrictions: airs to No. 12)		Υ	Plea:	ae affix labels here when re	
		The Restrictions:		Customs Duty 9. Total Value US	Plea	non-deliverable: Treat as Abandoned Return to Sender (see inst)	Mailing Office Date Star
5. Check One: Gift Returned Goods	One (pert	ther Restrictions: naims to No. 12)	Wt: (all items	Customs Duty 9. Total Value US	Plea	e affix labels here when re non-deliverable: Treat as Abandoned	Mailing Office Date Starr
5. Check One: Gift Returned Goods Documents Commercial Sample	One (pert Airmail Surface	Restrictions	Wt: (all items Lbs. & Ozs.) —	Customs Duty 9. Total Value US	Plea	non-deliverable: Treat as Abandoned Return to Sender (see inst)	Mailing Office Date Star

IMPORTANT: Save this receipt and present it when making an inquiry

PARCEL INDEMNITY COVERAGE: Indemnity for Priority Mail International® parcels, including insured and ordinary (uninsured) parcels, is provided only in accordance with Postal Service regulations in the Domestic Mail Manual (DMM®) and the International Mail Manual (IMM®). The DMM and IMM are available for inspection at any Post Office M or online at http://pe.usps.gov/. The addressee must report damage or missing contents to the delivering Post Office immediately.

Ordinary, i.e. uninsured, Priority Mail International parcels include indemnity coverage against loss, damage or missing contents. Indemnity is limited to the lesser of the actual value of the contents or the maximum indemnity based on the weight of the article. The Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelope and Priority Mail International Small Flat Rate Box are letter post items and do not include indemnity coverage.

Insured mail service is available for a fee and replaces indemnity on ordinary parcels. Insurance coverage varies by country and is not available to some countries. Indemnity coverage is subject to both U.S. Postal Service® regulations and the domestic regulations of the destination country. Insurance for loss, damage, or missing contents covers the actual (depreciated) value of the contents.

Claims for lost ordinary and insured parcels may be payable only to the sender, and claims for damage and missing contents may be payable only to the addressee. The sender or addressee may waive the right of payment in favor of the other

FILING CLAIMS: To initiate an inquiry for loss, damage or missing contents, call the International Inquiry Center at 800-222-1811. International indemnity inquiries and claims for loss must be filed within the time limits for the service purchased. All claims for damage or missing contents must be filed immediately and the article, containers, packaging, and all contents received must be presented to the destination Post Office.

Evidence of mailing (e.g., original mailing receipts or wrapper), evidence of insurance, and evidence of value (e.g., sales receipt or repair estimate) must be submitted in support of all claims. See IMM and Individual Country Listings for complete regulations at http://pe.usps.gov/

EXCEPTIONS: No coverage is provided for consequential losses, delay, concealed damage, spoilage of perishable items, articles improperly packaged, articles too fragile to withstand normal handling in the mails, or prohibited articles. See the DMM and the IMM for the specific types of losses that are covered, the limitations on coverage, terms of insurance or indemnity and conditions of payment.

IMPORTANT: Indemnity coverage is not paid for Express Mail International or ordinary (uninsured) Priority Mail International parcels containing coins. banknotes; currency notes (paper morey); securities of any kind payable to the bearer; traveler's checks; platinum, gold, silver (manufactured or not); precious stones; jewelry, including watches; and other valuable or prohibited articles. See the IMM for complete regulations.

PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT: Your information will be used to satisfy reporting requirements for customs purposes. Collection is authorized by 39 U.S.C. 401, 403, 404, and 407; 13 U.S.C. 301 - 307; and 50 U.S.C. 1702. Providing this information is voluntary, but if not provided, we may not process your transaction. We do not disclose your information to third parties without your consent, except to facilitate the transaction, to act on your behalf or request, or as legally required. This includes the following limited circumstances: to a congressional office on your behalf; to financial entities regarding financial transaction issues to a USPS auditor; to entities, including law enforcement, as required by law or in legal proceedings; and to contractors and other entities aiding us to fulfill the service (service providers); and to domestic and international customs pursuant to federal law and agreements, the U.S. Census Bureau, and other governmental entities with authority over exportation.

PS Form 2976-A. May 2009 (Reverse of Page 6 of 6. Sender's Copy) PSN: 7530-01-000-9834

123.722

Postal Service Employee's Acceptance of PS Form 2976-A

The Postal Service acceptance employee must do the following when accepting PS Form 2976-A from the sender:

- Instruct the sender how to complete, legibly and accurately, PS Form а 2976-A, as required. The sender's failure to complete the form properly can delay delivery of the item or inconvenience the sender and addressee. Moreover, a false, misleading, or incomplete declaration can result in the seizure or return of the item and/or in criminal or civil penalties. The Postal Service assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of information that the sender enters on PS Form 2976-A.
- b. Verify that the sender has entered the information on the form and has signed and dated the declaration. The sender's address on the mailpiece must match the sender's address on PS Form 2976-A.
- To comply with U.S. Census Bureau requirements, it is the customer's C. responsibility to ensure that an appropriate Exemption and Exclusion Legend, Proof of Filing Citation, or AES Downtime Citation is displayed on PS Form 2976-A. If this information is not entered, remind the customer that he or she may be subject to civil and criminal penalties for noncompliance.

- If the sender wishes to insure the contents, the retail associate will record the insured amount in U.S. dollars and special drawing right (SDR) value on PS Form 2976-A in the space provided. (See Exhibit 323.62 for the conversion table.)
- e. Weigh the parcel, enter the weight in block (8), and enter the applicable amount of postage and fees in the appropriate block in the upper right corner of the form.
- f. Round stamp the form in the appropriate place on each copy (copies 1–6).
- g. Remove the Post Office copy (copy 5) and tell the mailer that the Postal Service will retain this document for 30 days as a record of mailing. Remove the Mailer copy (copy 6) and give it to the mailer.
- h. Round stamp any uncanceled stamps, and if postage is paid by meter, round stamp the front of the piece near the meter postage.

Note: To comply with international mail aviation security procedures, the Postal Service employee must endorse any item weighing 16 ounces or more that is not accepted by an authorized employee, or that is subject to uncertain acceptance conditions (e.g., if received through a collection box or left on an unattended dock), with a "customer notification DDD-2" sticker and "surface only" and return the item to the sender by surface transportation. Consult the most recent international aviation security procedures for comprehensive acceptance procedures.

123.73 PS Form 2976-E, Customs Declaration Envelope – CP 91

PS Form 2976-E is a transparent plastic envelope designed to carry and protect the PS Form 2976-A form set. After completing the forms, the sender inserts the PS Form 2976-A form set into the envelope of PS Form 2976-E, removes the backing sheet, and affixes it to the package on the address side.

130 Mailability

131 General

131.1 Domestic Limits

All articles that are nonmailable in domestic mail are nonmailable in international mail. See DMM 601 and Publication 52, , *Restricted, and Perishable Mail.*

131.2 International Limits

Many articles that are mailable in domestic mail are nonmailable in international mail. See chapter 6 of Publication 52 and "Prohibitions and Restrictions" in the Individual Country Listings.

131.3 Individual Country Prohibitions and Restrictions

131.31 Information Available

Information on articles that are prohibited or restricted to individual countries appears under "Prohibitions and Restrictions" in the Individual Country Listings. These prohibitions and restrictions are based on information furnished by the countries concerned. Customers should inquire at the Post Office facility about specific prohibitions or restrictions.

131.32 Prohibited and Restricted Articles

Articles that are prohibited by the destination country are nonmailable. For mail known to contain articles restricted by the destination country, the sender must be informed of the restrictions and advised that the articles are subject to the import requirements of that country.

131.33 Return or Seizure of Mail

A country may return or seize mail containing articles prohibited or restricted within that country, whether or not notice of such prohibition or restriction has been provided to or published by the Postal Service.

131.34 Foreign Customs Information

The Postal Service does not maintain or provide information concerning the assessment of customs duty in other countries. Postal Service employees must not attempt to inform customers whether articles (gifts or commercial shipments) will be subject to customs duty. Postal Service employees may suggest to customers, however, that they inform the addressees in advance of the articles they intend to mail. Addressees can then obtain information from their local customs authorities. No provision is made for prepayment of customs duty on mail addressed for delivery in foreign countries.

If duties or taxes are assessed, most countries will collect from the recipient a customs clearance and delivery fee, in addition to the duties and taxes. This fee is authorized by international postal agreements to reimburse the delivery service for the costs it incurs in clearing the items through customs and collecting duties at the time of delivery. The duties, taxes, and fee, if applicable, are not included in the postage paid by the mailer.

131.4 Mailer Responsibility

Regardless of any statement in this manual or the statement of any employee of the United States Postal Service, the burden rests with the mailer to ensure compliance with domestic, international, and individual country rules and regulations for mailability.

131.5 **Preparation for Mailing**

131.51 General Packaging Requirements

Parcels of articles or goods must meet the requirements of DMM 601. See DMM 601 for the size and weight limits of parcels and for several grades of fiberboard boxes used for difficult loads. Boxes with difficult loads must be reinforced with banding in each direction around the package.

131.52 Special Packaging Requirements

Each mailer must meet the following special packaging requirements when mailing any of the following articles (see DMM 601):

- a. Fragile articles, such as glass, must be cushioned as required to dissipate shock and pressure forces over as much of the surface of the item as possible.
- b. Liquids must be packaged as required.
- c. Package fatty substances that do not easily liquefy, such as ointments, soft soap, resins, etc., as well as silkworm eggs, in an interior container (box, cloth, or plastic bag) and place them in an outer shipping container of minimum 275-grade test strength.
- d. Enclose dry, powdered dyes, such as aniline, in sift-proof, sturdy tin or plastic boxes in an outer sift-proof shipping container. This container must have a minimum 275-grade test strength fiberboard or equivalent.

132 Written, Printed, and Graphic Matter

132.1 Domestic Limits

All written, printed, and graphic matter that is described as nonmailable in DMM 601 is nonmailable internationally. This matter includes but is not limited to:

- a. Advertisements for abortion.
- b. Advertisements for motor vehicle master keys.
- c. Copyright violations.
- d. Fictitious matter.
- e. Lottery matter.
- f. Matter inciting violence.
- g. Solicitations in the guise of bills or statements of account.
- h. Solicitations or inducements for mailing harmful matter, radioactive materials, controlled substances, or intoxicating liquors.

Note: Immoral or obscene articles and advertisements for them are nonmailable.

132.2 Reply Cards and Envelopes

Mailpieces that are sent to foreign addressees may *not* contain prepaid reply cards or envelopes that bear a U.S. postage stamp, meter stamp, meter impression, or a domestic business reply indicia. See <u>382</u> for regulations governing mailer use of International Business Reply Service (IBRS).

Exception: The prohibition against enclosing U.S. domestic business reply cards or envelopes does *not* apply when they are bound into, are stapled to, or form an integral part of the printed page of mailpieces that are periodicals. Such enclosures may be admitted so long as they are not used as response vehicles by foreign recipients and the postal administrations of the destination countries do not object to their presence in U.S. origin publications.

133 Improperly Addressed Mail

The following items are nonmailable in international mail:

- a. Unaddressed items.
- b. Items whose ultimate destination cannot be determined due to insufficient, illegible, or incorrect addressing.
- c. Items bearing multiple addresses to the same or different countries.

134 Valuable Articles

134.1 Service Options

The following services can be used to send the articles noted in <u>134.2</u>:

- a. First-Class Mail International service with Registered Mail service.
- b. Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes with Registered Mail service.
- c. Priority Mail International Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes with Registered Mail service.
- d. Priority Mail International service with insured service.

Note: Neither Express Mail International service nor ordinary (uninsured) Priority Mail International service can be used to send the articles noted in <u>134.2</u>.

134.2 List of Articles

The following valuable articles may be sent only with the services noted in 134.1:

- a. Coins, banknotes, and currency notes (paper money).
- b. Instruments payable to bearer. (The term "instruments payable to bearer" includes checks, drafts, or securities that can be legally cashed or easily negotiated by anyone who may come into possession of them. A check or draft payable to a specific payee is not regarded as payable to bearer unless the payee has endorsed it. If not endorsed, or if endorsed in favor of another specific payee, it is not regarded as payable to bearer.)
- c. Traveler's checks.
- d. Manufactured and unmanufactured platinum, gold, and silver.
- e. Precious stones, jewels, jewelry, watches, and other valuable articles. **Note:** The term "jewelry" is generally understood to denote articles of more than nominal value. Inexpensive jewelry, watches, such as tie clasps and costume jewelry, containing little or no precious metal, is not considered to be jewelry within the meaning of this section and is accepted under the same conditions as other mailable merchandise to any country. Inexpensive jewelry is accepted to countries that prohibit jewelry, but only at the sender's risk.

134.3 **Prohibitions**

Individual countries prohibit or restrict some or all of the valuable items listed above. See the "Prohibitions and Restrictions" section in the Individual Country Listings.

135 Mailable Dangerous Goods

135.1 Infectious Substances

135.11 General Conditions

Infectious and noninfectious (nonregulated) biological substances are acceptable in international mail subject to the provisions of DMM 601.10.17 under the following conditions: when they are intended for medical or veterinary use, research, or laboratory certification related to the public health; only when such materials are properly prepared for mailing to withstand shocks, pressure changes, and other conditions related to ordinary handling in transit; and under the additional conditions specified in subsections below.

- a. Category A infectious substances are not mailable. Category A infectious substances as identified in DMM 601.10.17.2a1 are substances transported in a form capable of causing permanent disability or life-threatening or fatal disease in otherwise healthy humans or animals when exposure occurs. A Category A infectious substance is assigned the identification number UN 2814 or UN 2900, based on the known medical history or symptoms of the source patient or animal, endemic local conditions, or professional judgment concerning the individual circumstances of the source human or animal. A list of indicative examples of infectious substances included in Category A can be found in International Air Transportation Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations, Table 3.3.D.
- b. Category B infectious substances are mailable when they meet the definition in DMM 601.10.17.2a2. A Category B infectious substance does not meet the criteria for inclusion in Category A. A mailpiece known or suspected to contain a Category B infectious substance must bear the proper shipping name "Biological substance, Category B" on the address side of the mailpiece and must be assigned to and marked with identification number UN 3373.
- c. Nonregulated (noninfectious) materials identified in DMM 601.10.17.3 as nonregulated are mailable. Nonregulated substances do not contain infectious substances or substances that are likely to cause disease in humans or animals. Nonregulated materials are not subject to regulation as materials but must be properly packaged as indicated in DMM 601.10.17.8 when presented for mailing.
- d. Exempt human or animal specimens as defined in DMM 601.10.17.2d are mailable. They are not subject to regulation as materials, but when presented for mailing, they must be packaged as identified in DMM 601.10.17.9.

135.12 Type of Mail

Category B infectious substances must be sent only by First-Class Mail International service or Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes or Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes using Registered Mail[™] service. Nonregulated materials defined in DMM 601.10.17.3 and exempt human or animal specimens defined in DMM 601.10.17.2d are mailable by First-Class Mail International service when properly packaged as described in DMM 601.10.17.

135.13 Senders and Receivers

Substances identified in <u>135.11b</u> *must* be sent *only* by authorized laboratories to their foreign counterparts in those countries that have indicated a willingness to accept them.

Note: Countries distinguish between infectious and noninfectious (nonregulated) biological substances and may prohibit one or the other or both. See "Prohibitions" in the Individual Country Listings.

135.2 Authorization

135.21 Authorized Institutions

Infectious biological substances can be sent to or received by *only* the following types of institutions:

- a. Laboratories of local, state, and federal government agencies.
- b. Laboratories of federally licensed manufacturers of biological products derived from bacteria and viruses.
- c. Laboratories affiliated with or operated by hospitals, universities, research facilities, and other teaching institutions.
- d. Private laboratories licensed, certified, recognized, or approved by a public authority.

135.22 Request for Authorization

A qualifying institution wishing to mail packages containing biological substances must submit a written request on its organizational letterhead to the following address:

MANAGER PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION US POSTAL SERVICE 475 L'ENFANT PLZ SW RM 4446 WASHINGTON DC 20260-5015

In its letter of application, the institution must indicate the nature of its work, the identity and qualifications of the prospective recipient, and the number of packages to be mailed.

135.3 Packaging, Marking, Labeling

135.31 Category B Infectious Substances

A material that is classified as a Category B infectious substance and that meets the definition in DMM 601.10.17.2a2 must be triple-packaged as described in DMM 601.10.17.4, must meet the packaging requirements in 49 CFR 173.199, and must be sent only by First-Class Mail International service or Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes or Small Flat Rate

135.32

Priced Boxes using Registered Mail service. Each primary receptacle containing a liquid must be leakproof and surrounded by absorbent material sufficient to protect the primary receptacle and absorb the total amount of liquid should the primary receptacle leak or break. Each primary receptacle containing a solid must be sift proof. Secondary containers for liquids must be leak proof. Secondary containers for solids must be sift proof. The primary and secondary packaging must be enclosed in a rigid outer shipping container. A single primary receptacle must not contain more than 1 liter (34 ounces) of a liquid specimen or 4 kg (8.8 pounds) of a solid specimen. Multiple primary receptacles whose combined volume does not exceed 4 liters (1 gallon) for liquids or 4 kg (8.8 pounds) for solids may be enclosed in a single secondary container. In addition:

- a. The secondary container must be marked with the international biohazard symbol shown in DMM Exhibit 601.10.17.5d3.
- A primary receptacle or secondary packaging containing liquid must be capable of withstanding, without leakage, an internal pressure producing a pressure differential of not less than 95 kPa (0.95 bar, 14 psi) in the range of -40° C to 55° C (-40° F to 130° F).
- All mailpieces sent under DMM 601.10.17.4 must be marked on the address side with the shipping name "Biological substance, Category B" and the "UN 3373" marking as outlined in 49 CFR 173.199 (a) (5).
- d. Orientation arrows are not required on these mailpieces but may be used.
- e. The outer packaging must show the name and telephone number of a person who is knowledgeable about the material shipped and has comprehensive emergency response and incident mitigation information, or of someone who has immediate access to the person with such knowledge and information.
- 135.32 Nonregulated Materials (Noninfectious Biological Substances) Nonregulated materials are not subject to regulation as materials but must be properly packaged, marked, and labeled as indicated in DMM 601.10.17.8 when presented for mailing.

135.33 Exempt Human or Animal Specimens

Exempt human or animal specimens are not subject to regulation as materials but must be properly packaged, marked, and labeled as indicated in DMM 601.10.17.9 when presented for mailing.

135.4 Handling and Dispatch of Infectious Substances

135.41 Biological Substances

Items that contain perishable biological substances must be given careful yet expeditious handling from receipt through dispatch.

135.42 Infectious Substances

Shipments containing infectious substances must be segregated from other types of mail matter (i.e., placed in separate sacks). PS Tag 44, *Sack Contents Warning*, must be attached to the outside of sacks to identify the

nature of the contents. PS Tag 44 is for internal use only, and must be removed from mail sacks, and the materials tendered to air carriers as outside pieces.

135.5 Radioactive Materials

Shipments containing radioactive materials are acceptable in international mail subject to the provisions of DMM 601 and of Publication 52, , *Restricted, and Perishable Mail*, and under the following conditions:

- Shipments may be sent only by First-Class Mail International service or Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes or Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes with Registered Mail service.
- Shipments may be sent only to those countries that have expressed a willingness to accept radioactive materials. See "Prohibitions and Restrictions" in the Individual Country Listings.
- c. Shipments must comply with the International Atomic Energy Agency rules and regulations.
- d. Senders and recipients of radioactive materials must receive prior authorization from the appropriate regulatory authorities within their countries.
- e. A white package label bearing the French words "Matieres Radioactives" (Radioactive Materials) must be applied to the address side of each package containing radioactive materials. Senders are responsible for supplying and affixing this label to the package.
- f. The package must also bear the following endorsements in bold letters: "RETURN TO SENDER IN CASE OF NONDELIVERY" and "RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS, QUANTITIES PERMITTED FOR MOVEMENT BY POST."

136 Nonmailable Goods

136.1 Dangerous Goods

The following dangerous goods (materials, as defined in DMM 601) are prohibited in outbound international mail:

- a. Explosives or explosive devices.
- b. Flammable materials.
 - (1) Pyrophoric, flammable, or combustible liquids with a closed cup flash point below 200°F.
 - (2) Flammable solids, including matches.
- c. Oxidizers.
- d. Corrosives, liquid or solid.
- e. Compressed gases.
 - (1) Flammable.
 - (2) Nonflammable with an absolute pressure exceeding 40 psi at 70°F or 104 psi at 130°F.
- f. Poisons, irritants, controlled substances, and drug paraphernalia.

- g. Magnetized material with a magnetic field strength of .002 gauss or more at a distance of 7 feet.
- h. Dry ice (carbon dioxide solid).

136.2 Inert Replica and Explosive Devices

The following types of replica or inert explosive devices are prohibited in outbound international mail:

- a. Military ordnance, ammunition, and shells.
- b. Grenades.
- c. Similar devices that were originally designed for military or combative use (including training).

This prohibition does not extend to items such as children's toys or articles that do not represent the above items in a realistic manner.

136.3 Counterfeit and Pirated Items

Any type of counterfeit or pirated article is prohibited in outbound international mail.

136.4 Cigarettes and Smokeless Tobacco

Cigarettes (including roll-your-own tobacco) and smokeless tobacco products, as defined in DMM 601.11.1, are nonmailable when sent in outbound or inbound international mail. As noted in DMM 601.11.3, the exceptions for mailing under DMM 601.11.4 through 601.11.8 are not available for shipments of such products in international mail. This standard prevails regardless of any information to the contrary in the Individual Country Listings.

137 Firearms, Knives, and Sharp Instruments

Some items (see DMM 601) may be mailed to certain countries under the conditions specified in the Individual Country Listings. See <u>540</u> for U.S. Department of State licensing requirements applicable to the international mailing of arms or implements of war, component parts, and related technical data.

138 Perishable Matter

138.1 Animals

All live or dead animals are nonmailable, except the following:

- a. Live bees, leeches, silkworms, and flies of the family Drosophilidae (see DMM 601.9.3.8).
- b. Dead insects or reptiles, when thoroughly dried.
- c. Parasites and predators of injurious insects, if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) They are admissible in the domestic mail.
 - (2) They are useful in controlling harmful insects.
 - (3) They are exchanged by officially recognized scientific or health agencies.

- (4) They are sent by First-Class Mail International service, including Flat Rate Envelopes or Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes.
- (5) Mailable animals must be in containers conforming to the requirements in the DMM.

138.2 Plants

Plants, seeds, and plant materials, including fruits and vegetables, are subject to the provisions of DMM 601; Publication 14, *Prohibitions and Restrictions on Mailing Animals, Plants, and Related Products*; and the quarantine regulations of the country of destination. Customers can obtain information from the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) Plant Protection and Quarantine (PPQ) Programs at:

USDA APHIS PPQ 4700 RIVER RD RIVERDALE MD 20737-1228

138.3 **Eggs**

138.31 Restrictions

Eggs may be sent only by Priority Mail International. See <u>550</u> for nonpostal regulations on dried whole eggs.

138.32 Packaging

Eggs must be packaged in the following manner:

- a. Eggs mailed to any country except Canada must be placed in a metal egg container. Each egg must be packed in cushioning material. The metal egg container must be enclosed in an outer container of wood with cushioning packed between the two containers.
- b. Eggs mailed to Canada may be packed either as prescribed in <u>138.32a</u> or in a box of rigid material with a tight-fitting lid. Each egg must be wrapped in protective material and placed on end. Vacant spaces in the box must be filled with packing material to prevent the eggs from striking each other or the box.

138.4 Food and Other Perishable Articles

Fruits, vegetables, fresh meats, and other articles that easily decompose or that cannot reasonably be expected to reach their destination without spoiling are nonmailable.

140 International Mail Categories

141 **Definitions**

141.1 General

There are four principal categories of international mail that are primarily differentiated from one another by speed of service. They are Global Express

Guaranteed[®] (GXG[®]) service, Express Mail International[®] service, Priority Mail International service, and First-Class Mail International service.

141.2 Global Express Guaranteed

Global Express Guaranteed is the U.S. Postal Service's premium international mail service. Global Express Guaranteed is an expedited delivery service that is the product of a business alliance between the U.S. Postal Service and FedEx Corporation. It provides reliable, high-speed, time-definite service from designated U.S. ZIP Code[™] areas to locations in most destination countries. Global Express Guaranteed is assured to meet destination-specific delivery standards or the postage will be refunded. If a shipment is lost or damaged, liability for loss or damaged merchandise or for document reconstruction is limited to a maximum of \$100 or the amount of additional optional insurance purchased. The maximum weight limit for Global Express Guaranteed service is 70 pounds, but lower country-specific weight limits might apply. To determine the maximum weight limit for each country, see the Individual Country Listings or Publication 141, *Global Express Guaranteed Service Guide*.

141.3 Express Mail International

The next level of service, in terms of speed and value-added features, is Express Mail International. Express Mail International is an expedited mail service that can be used to send documents and merchandise to most of the country locations that are individually listed in this publication. Express Mail International insurance coverage against loss, damage, or missing contents, up to a maximum of \$100, is provided at no additional charge. Additional merchandise insurance coverage up to \$5,000 may be purchased at the sender's option to many countries. Document reconstruction insurance coverage is limited to a maximum of \$100 per shipment. Country-specific maximum weight limits range from 22 pounds to 70 pounds. See the Individual Country Listings. Express Mail International shipments offer a date-certain, postage-refund guarantee to select destinations: see <u>221.2</u> and the Individual Country Listings to determine the availability of such service. For all other destinations, Express Mail International shipments are not subject to a postage refund guarantee if a delivery delay occurs.

141.4 Priority Mail International

Priority Mail International is subject to the provisions of the Universal Postal Union Parcel Convention with the exception of Flat Rate Envelopes and Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes. This classification is primarily designed to accommodate larger and heavier shipments whose size and/or weight exceed the limits for First-Class Mail International. For countries that offer parcel service, maximum weight limits range from 22 pounds to 70 pounds. To determine the maximum weight limit for each country, see the Individual Country Listings. At the sender's option, extra services, such as insurance coverage and return receipt service, may be added on a country-specific basis.

Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes and Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes are subject to the provisions of the Universal Postal Union Letter-post Convention and provide customers with an economical means of sending correspondence, documents, printed matter, and lightweight merchandise items to foreign destinations. The maximum weight limit is 4 pounds. Registered Mail service is available for Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes — with the exception of the Flat Rate Padded Envelope — and Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes. Insurance is not available for Priority Mail International Flat Rate Envelopes or Small Flat Rate Priced Boxes.

141.5 First-Class Mail International

First-Class Mail International is a generic term for mailpieces that have different shapes, sizes, and contents, that weigh 4 pounds or less, and that are subject to the provisions of the Universal Postal Union Letter-post Convention. First-Class Mail International items may contain any mailable matter that is not or prohibited by the destination country. Aerogrammes are not available for purchase. Previously purchased aerogrammes are mailable at the applicable First-Class Mail International price. At the sender's option, extra services, such as registry and return receipt, may be added on a country-specific basis.

Note: The term First-Class Mail International encompasses all of the classes of international letter-post mail (i.e., letter and letter packages, postcards, printed matter, and small packets) that were formerly categorized as LC (letters and cards) and AO (other articles) respectively.

142 Official Mail

142.1 Mailings by Federal Agencies

Official mail (sent by federal agencies and departments listed in Postal Service Handbook DM-103, *Official Mail*) that bears the indicia prescribed in DMM 703 may be sent to foreign destinations. Such items are subject to the postage payment requirements, weight and size limits, customs form requirements, and general conditions for mailing that otherwise apply to the class and category of the international mail being sent.

142.2 Postal Service Mailings

International mailpieces that are sent by or on behalf of the U.S. Postal Service must bear the prescribed G-10 permit indicia. Postal Service official mail is subject to all restrictions (e.g., maximum size and weight limits) as defined in the Individual Country Listings for the destination country of mailing.

142.3 Mail of a Former President and Surviving Spouse of a Former President

All nonpolitical mail of former United States Presidents, and of the surviving spouse of a former President, must be accepted without prepayment of postage if it bears the written signature of the sender, or a facsimile signature and the words "POSTAGE AND FEES PAID" in the upper-right corner of the address side.

142.4 General Secretariat of the Organization of American States (OAS)

- a. Unregistered First-Class Mail International items bearing the return address of the OAS General Secretariat and weighing not more than 4 pounds are accepted without postage when addressed to the OAS member countries listed in <u>142.4c</u>.
- b. Items other than First-Class Mail International with extra services may *not* be provided for OAS General Secretariat official mail without the prepayment of postage or the fee for the extra service requested.
- c. The following countries are members of the Organization of American States (OAS):

Antigua and Barbuda	Ecuador	Saint Christopher and
Argentina	El Salvador	Nevis
Bahamas	Grenada	Saint Lucia
Barbados	Guatemala	Saint Vincent and the
Bolivia	Haiti	Grenadines
Brazil	Honduras	Suriname
Canada	Jamaica	Trinidad and Tobago
Chile	Mexico	United States
Colombia	Nicaragua	Uruguay
Costa Rica	Panama	Venezuela
Dominica	Paraguay	
Dominican Republic	Peru	

142.5 Pan American Sanitary Bureau Mail

- a. Unregistered First-Class Mail International items bearing the return address of the bureau and weighing not more than 4 pounds are accepted without postage affixed when addressed to an OAS member country listed in <u>142.4c</u> or to Cuba.
- b. Items with the bureau return address that are sent other than First-Class Mail International or that request extra services must prepay all postage and fees.

150 Postage

151 **Postage Prices**

See Individual Country Listings.

152 Payment Methods

152.1 Prepayment

Each item must be fully prepaid to ensure prompt dispatch and to avoid assessment of charges against the addressee. For the treatment of shortpaid and unpaid mail, see <u>420</u>.

152.2 **Stamps**

- a. Postage and fees for extra services (see chapter 3) may be paid by means of U.S. postage stamps, postage meter stamps, or postage validation imprinter (PVI) labels. PVIs are acceptable for all international mail transactions.
- b. Mailer precanceled stamps may be used with international mail under the same conditions as are applicable to domestic mail. See DMM 604.
- c. Nondenominated postage stamps (except for those that bear unique domestic markings, such as First-Class Presort, Nonprofit Org.) may be affixed to postal items that are sent to foreign countries. The value of such stamps is linked to either a current or a former domestic postage price (e.g., the "Lady Liberty and U.S. Flag" stamp has a postage value of 39 cents). The postage value of the Forever Stamp, as well as the nondenominated Breast Cancer Research semipostal stamp, is always the domestic First-Class Mail single-piece 1-ounce letter price that is in effect on the day of use (mailing). Since international postage prices are always higher than the comparable domestic postage prices, mailers who affix a single nondenominated postage stamp to their outbound mailpieces must add additional postage to comply with the international price schedule.

Note: See DMM 604 for stamps not valid as postage.

152.3 Computing Postage

152.31 Determining Single-Piece Weight

To determine single-piece weight in any mailing at single-piece prices, or in a bulk price mailing of nonidentical-weight pieces, weigh each piece individually. To determine single-piece weight in any other bulk or presort price mailing of identical weight pieces (e.g., IPA or ISAL), weigh a sample group of at least 10 randomly selected pieces and divide the total sample weight by the number of pieces in the sample. Express all single-piece weights in decimal pounds rounded off to four decimal places.

152.32 Rounding Numerical Values

For these standards:

- a. *Round off* requires increasing by 1 the last digit to be kept if the digit to its right, which is not to be kept, is 5 or greater. If that digit is 4 or less, the last digit kept is unchanged (e.g., 3.3761 rounded off to two decimal places is 3.38, whereas 3.3741 is 3.37).
- b. *Round up* requires increasing by 1 the last digit to be kept if there are any digits to its right, regardless of value (e.g., rounding up either 3.3701 or 3.3791 to two decimal places yields 3.38).

152.4 Permit Imprint

152.41 Conditions of Use

Postage may be paid by permit imprint, subject to the standards in DMM 124, 604, and 705. Postage charges are computed on PS Form 3700. This postage payment method may be used for postage and extra service fees for the following services:

- a. Global Express Guaranteed service prepared under 213.8.
- b. Express Mail International service prepared under 223.221.
- c. Priority Mail International service.
- d. First-Class Mail International service.
- e. International Priority Airmail (IPA) service.
- f. International Surface Air Lift (ISAL) service.

152.42 Place of Mailing

Mail must be deposited and accepted at the Post Office that issued the permit, at a time and place designated by the postmaster, except as otherwise provided for drop shipments.

152.43 Usage Criteria

To use a permit imprint for international mailing purposes, a mailer must enter a minimum of 200 pieces or 50 pounds of mail matter addressed to recipients in foreign countries. All of the mailpieces bearing a permit imprint do *not* have to be addressed to the same destination country. See <u>292.23</u> and <u>293.23</u> for the minimum quantity requirements that govern the entry of International Priority Airmail (IPA) items and International Surface Air Lift (ISAL) items, respectively.

Note: The 200-piece or 50-pound minimum requirement does not apply to M-bags.

152.44 Required Format

Each mailpiece sent under this payment method must bear a permit imprint indicia showing that postage is paid. Permit imprint indicia must be prepared in one of the formats shown in Exhibit 152.44. No variations or additions — such as Bulk Rate, Media Mail, Presorted Standard, Enhanced Carrier Route Sort, Automation Rate, Nonprofit Organization, or Bound Printed Matter — are allowed. Mailpieces may bear a company permit imprint, in which the exact name of the company or individual holding the permit is shown in the indicium in place of the city, state, and permit number. Mailings prepared with a company permit imprint must comply with the standards in DMM 604.5.3.9.

Exhibit 152.44 Indicia Formats

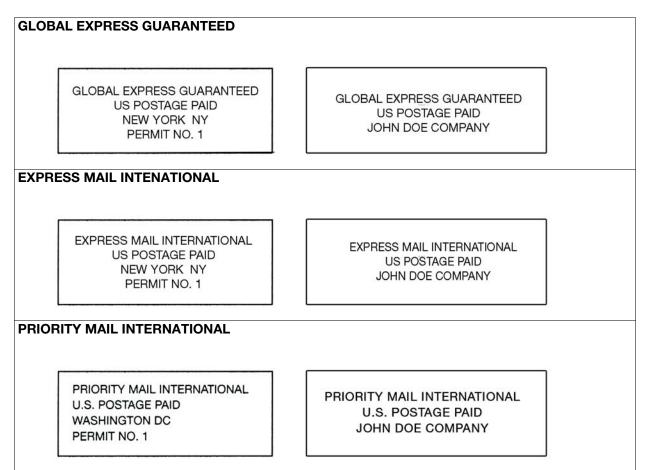
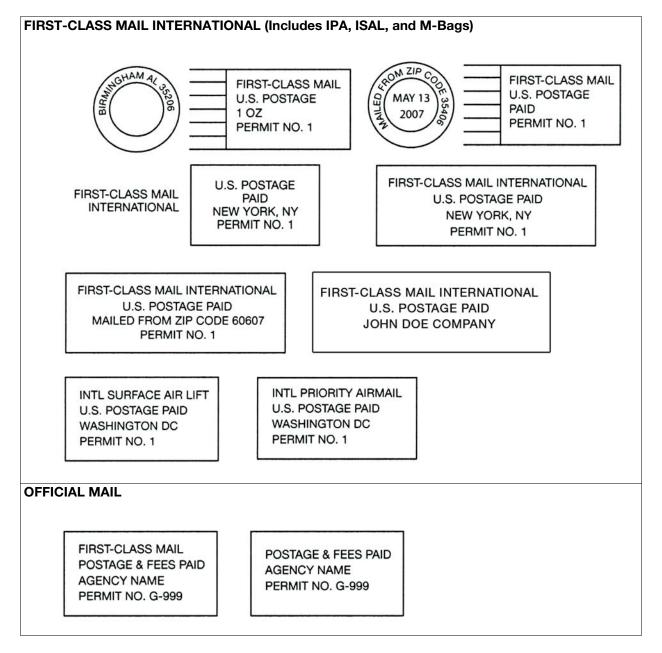


Exhibit 152.44 Indicia Formats (cont'd)



153 Placement of Postage

- a. Postage stamps and postage-paid impressions must be applied to the address side of mail in the upper-right corner. The postage meter stamp, postage validation imprinter (PVI) label, or permit may be affixed directly on the mailpiece or on the wrapper when plastic wrap is used.
- b. Nonpostage stamps, labels resembling postage stamps, or impressions resembling postage-paid impressions must *not* be placed on the address side of international mailpieces.

154 Remailed Items

New postage is required when mailpieces are reentered after having been returned to the sender by a foreign postal administration.

This page intentionally left blank